



The Evening Meal

The supper hour—a magnet for the home... The ones who have the need of food and rest!

—Grace Noll Crowell... The supper hour is the time of a hall in the wheels of industry...

Food always has and always will work for someone... It is usually the housewife. If she does not particularly enjoy culinary duties...

It all the vegetables are crisp and cold... If the vegetables are crisp and cold it will take no time at all to make the salad...

Of course this is only one meal... Of course this is only one meal and it will not be the only one...

A Quickly Prepared Dinner... TOMATO JUICE COCKTAIL... BAKED APPLES FILLED WITH RAISINS

Canadians Get The Bird

Canadians are becoming "canary" birds to judges from the large numbers of feathered songsters which reached Canada from overseas last year.

The majority of the birds come from the Hart's Mountains of Germany... The birds are trained for the circus and are used as a means of entertainment.

The birds are very imitative and one of the most popular methods of training is to place the cages near an artificial waterfall where the water, being allowed to fall over glass, gives an attractive musical note which is quickly taken up by the bird.

According to the Canadian National Express officials, who have specialized in handling this kind of "merchandise," canaries are given reasonable care and kept away from draughts in shipments of 100 or even 2,000 birds. It is seldom that any are lost.

On Saturday April 9th the Drummondville Golf and Country Club will be holding a banquet at the Manoir Drummond Hotel. First class arrangements have been made to assure all those present of an evening long to be remembered.

The prices are \$2.75 double and \$1.50 single, including tax and refreshments. DANCING FROM 10.15 P.M. UNTIL 3.00 A.M.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS... DENTIST... ADVOCATE... Dr. M. Lafontaine... B. Marchessault... Cadieux's Building... Making Advertising Pay

DENTIST... NOTARY... Dr. E. H. Dion... W. A. Moisan... 163 HERIOT ST. DRUMMONDVILLE, QUE.

Dr. E. H. Dion... 76 LINDSAY STREET... Dr. E. H. Dion... 76 LINDSAY STREET... "La Parole"



URCHIN: "Done yer good deed yet?" SCOUT: "No, not yet." URCHIN: "Well you might kneel up down an apple yer broom-lan'!"

Devalera Says Fault Will Not Rest With Irish... Dublin, Irish Free State.—President Eamon de Valera of the Irish Free State today told a group of newspapermen he disclaimed any responsibility for his people if bitterness and differences between the Free State and Great Britain are revived as a result of his avowed intention to secure through the Danubian Council the Chinese, which Mayor Wu Te-Chen's formal acceptance on January 28 of Japan's declaration of a cessation of hostilities was still valid.

Answers Chamberlain on Revival of Bitterness—Northern Ireland Officials Declare Republican Army Drilling in Free State. Shanghai.—It was intimated here last night that Japan might waive her oral insistence upon a round table conference with the Chinese subsequent to the signing of an armistice, another conference on which will be held today.

Statistics on Auto Mishaps in Quebec. Quebec.—A total of 4,583 automobile accidents of various kinds during 1931, according to statistics of the Automobile Insurance Corporation of Quebec, resulted in 73 deaths and 1,100 injuries.

Japan May Not Delay Signing of Armistice. Assumed Agreement to Stop Boycott Stands—Sniping Incidents Demonstrate Need for Neutral Zone. Shanghai.—It was intimated here last night that Japan might waive her oral insistence upon a round table conference with the Chinese subsequent to the signing of an armistice, another conference on which will be held today.

Return of Caribou Hunting in Eastern Quebec Welcomed. Montreal.—After a closed season of five years, caribou hunting in the counties of Matane, Gaspé and Bonaventure in the province of Quebec will again be permitted this year, according to official information reaching C. K. Howard, manager of the Tourist and Convention Bureau, Canadian National Railways, caribou, have increased rapidly during the closed season.

Canada Rolling Back The Sportsman's Map. Canada is rolling back the sportsman's map and continually offering new and untired hunting and fishing areas to Canadian sportsmen and their visiting brethren, said Alan N. Longstaff, general manager of the Canadian National Railways, addressing the members of the Tourist and Convention Association for Steel Treating.

Canada's Policy of Steel Treating. Through the northern sections of the Canadian provinces on wonderful sports territories which have been seldom visited by white men, Mr. Longstaff stated. Many of these areas are now being made available for hunters and anglers, and guides and outfitters are being encouraged to establish camps at suitable localities to take care of visitors.

Fortune of War—"Well, Sambo," said American Judge, "so you and your wife have been fighting again. I suppose?" "No, sah," said Sambo, "She licked me this time."

Quiet Week Likely In Quebec Capital No Meeting of Cabinet Expected—Taschereau in Montreal Tuesday. Quebec.—Little activity will reign at the Parliamentary Building in Quebec during the week of the Holy Week, which opened yesterday and will be marked by the departure of the ministers on a full one on Friday.

Errant Epistle Delivered After Sixteen Years Delay. Winnipeg, Man.—Sixteen years ago, a blood train conductor on the Canadian National Railways at Winnipeg, sent a letter to an old friend, just recently the letter reached its destination and Mr. Hood received a reply to the letter he barely remembered writing. In the meantime, the errant epistle travelled to the other end of the continent and braved the vagaries of wind and weather, tacked to a beam beneath freight car number "6000" of the Port Worth and Denver Railway.

Union Control of Radio. Nationalization of radio in Canada has been discussed at length following the council's decision vesting control in the Dominion Government; and though the matter remains in vacuum it is expected parliament will take up at Ottawa prorogation. But those who are dejected by the matter are seemingly unaware of the powerful private organization has been active for months and is endeavoring to control over the air.

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CALL FOR YOUR EAST FOR SUPPLY OF BEER AND... We guarantee entire satisfaction and courteous service. Ask for any brand—we have them. P. O. HALL 148 HERIOT ST. DRUMMONDVILLE, QUE.

NEW CHRYSLERS WITH THE GREATEST ENGINEERING DEVELOPMENTS OF MODERN TIMES. The new Chrysler cars offer the greatest engineering developments of modern times—FLOATING POWER—Automatic Clutch—Free Wheeling—Silent Gear Selector—Double-Drop Grid-Trim Frames—All-Steel Bodies—4-wheel Weatherproof Hydraulic Brakes and many other modern features.

Trans-Canada All-Expense Tour Arranged for Tourists. Montreal.—Four separate forms of public transport are being provided by the Canadian National Railways this summer in conducting two special Trans-Canada All-Expense Tours leaving Montreal and Toronto on July 20 and August 1 respectively. The tours will be conducted by both routes, about 6,000 miles will be covered in each direction.

Little Brown Jug Carries Historic Water to New Ship. Grand-Pré, N.S.—Water from the well-known which Evangelist offered to carry six passengers, will be employed in the service, taking off from Victoria early in the afternoon of July 20 and August 1 respectively. The tours will be conducted by both routes, about 6,000 miles will be covered in each direction.

Ontario and Regulation XVII. A large majority of the people are quite satisfied with the situation since the notorious Regulation II was abandoned by the Ferguson government, it is none the less true that a number are not in agreement with Mr. Ferguson's attitude and good sense in relation to the school question.

Mr. Lapointe on Criticism. The opinion of the Hon. Ernest Lapointe on criticism, as expressed in the course of his recent lecture in Quebec City, is the more interesting as coming from a man who himself is a stern critic and has been the target of a good deal of criticism, alike in Parliament, in the newspaper press and on the hustings.

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THE SPOKESMAN, DRUMMONDVILLE, TUESDAY, MARCH 22, 1932. Mental Health. Our Modern Cities Are HOT-BEDS OF CRIME. Poorer Residential Areas Adjoining Business Districts Are More Prone to Breeding Grounds of Crime.

Titles Might Solve Problem. A gentleman who resides down by the noble Atlantic is a suggestion that may appear cynical, but contains the salt of common sense, with regard to Lieutenant-Governors. Referring to Ontario's difficulty in finding a suitable appointee, the writer ventures to suggest that, human nature being what it is and always will be, this serious problem, which as you say, is no laughing matter, can be solved by appointing more cheaply by the powers that be than any of the many problems which they have before them.

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French Press Comments. QUEBEC AND THE WATERWAYS PROJECT. (Le Soleil, Quebec). "In all probability, we shall have in due course a precise and authoritative account of the interview at Ottawa this week between the Federal Minister of the Interior and the Prime Minister of Quebec, Mr. Taschereau, on the subject of the St. Lawrence waterway project. In the course of a brief statement he made to the press in Montreal, Mr. Taschereau declared that he had maintained at Ottawa the attitude he has always taken in Quebec, notably during the last session of the Legislature on this question. These words are sufficient to convey the broad lines of the Ottawa conversation between Ministers. Quebec is anxious of its rights and realizes the possibilities of the water power of the St. Lawrence valley, and one which may bring about a perfect evolution of Empire economic union. It is largely on this that Premier Bennett and his fellow delegates at the forthcoming Imperial Conference will be working. And we will bend their efforts. And we are firmly convinced that an economic union of the Empire is a material aid to a raise hogs, feed dairy cattle and grow potatoes. It is an extension of Canada's export and is also admirably adapted to her domestic requirements. Figures compiled by the Canadian National Railways also show that last year there were no less than 1,911 clubs of various sorts in Quebec. This represents a marked increase over 1930, when the figures were 921 clubs with a membership of 14,700. In addition to the hog clubs there are others dealing with cattle, sheep, fertilizers and turkeys, growing of potatoes, soybeans, corn, roots and grains, and the study of farm economics.

Rising Generation Can Show the Way. Old methods may be too good enough for the old people, but the sons and daughters of Canadian farmers have their own ideas on how to breed and raise hogs, feed dairy cattle and grow potatoes. It is an extension of Canada's export and is also admirably adapted to her domestic requirements. Figures compiled by the Canadian National Railways also show that last year there were no less than 1,911 clubs of various sorts in Quebec. This represents a marked increase over 1930, when the figures were 921 clubs with a membership of 14,700. In addition to the hog clubs there are others dealing with cattle, sheep, fertilizers and turkeys, growing of potatoes, soybeans, corn, roots and grains, and the study of farm economics.

Budget After Easter. Ottawa.—Present indications are that the Minister of Finance will not bring down the Budget after the Easter recess. While the House of Commons will probably be in session during the Easter recess, it is not likely that the Budget will be introduced next Wednesday. It is possible that the situation expressed the view that it will go over until the following week. The House of Commons will reconvene on Wednesday for Easter following. During the same year the revenues of the Liquor Commission decreased by 10 per cent, and those of the departments of mines, mines and forestry, and the Department of Agriculture, were also decreased. Mr. Taschereau ought to have balanced the provincial budget without the assistance of the Dominion Government. What kind of spirit of justice is this? BALANCING THE BUDGET. (Le Devoir). "Recent official statistics demonstrate that the industrialization of the provinces of the Dominion continues in the country as a whole more than fifty-three per cent of the people live in urban centres. In Ontario 61 per cent of the population are urban dwellers, whereas the percentage in our own province of Quebec is sixty-three. As compared with an urban population of 56 per cent in 1921, this is an increase of two-thirds of Quebec people live in cities such as Montreal—which alone boasts more than one-third of the entire population of the province—Quebec City, Verdun, Three Rivers, St. Hyacinthe, Hull, etc. This leaves only about one-third of the people on the land. Such a state of things is scarcely surprising from any point of view. The movement towards the cities, although it may have slackened somewhat, is inevitable because of the use of machinery and through other modern methods of land culture, the same number of human hands are not needed on the farms as were necessary in times past. Nevertheless, there are new regions to be colonized and developed, and the regrettable thing is that the work of colonization is not so well organized as it ought to be, nor is the agricultural industry itself." THE COMING ECONOMIC CONFERENCE. (L'Evenement, Quebec). "In abandoning its century-old policy of free trade and replacing it by a measure of reasonable trade reciprocity, the British Government has taken an important initiative which one which may bring about a perfect evolution of Empire economic union. It is largely on this that Premier Bennett and his fellow delegates at the forthcoming Imperial Conference will be working. And we will bend their efforts. And we are firmly convinced that an economic union of the Empire is a material aid to a raise hogs, feed dairy cattle and grow potatoes. It is an extension of Canada's export and is also admirably adapted to her domestic requirements. Figures compiled by the Canadian National Railways also show that last year there were no less than 1,911 clubs of various sorts in Quebec. This represents a marked increase over 1930, when the figures were 921 clubs with a membership of 14,700. In addition to the hog clubs there are others dealing with cattle, sheep, fertilizers and turkeys, growing of potatoes, soybeans, corn, roots and grains, and the study of farm economics.

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### Communal Matter Is Still Unsolved

#### Britain Reaffirms Intention of Making Provisional Plan If Deadlock

London. — The British Government yesterday took cognizance of the failure of Hindus and Moslems in India to reach a settlement on the communal question and reaffirmed its intention of making a provisional settlement if the deadlock continues.

An official communication from the Government of India noted the inability of the consociative committee of the round table conference to undertake a settlement of the problem and its request that the British Government provide a decision.

The communication recalled a statement of Prime Minister Ramsay MacDonald at the round table conference in London on December 1 that, in the absence of a communal agreement, the British Government would be compelled to apply a provisional scheme.

The announcement of the Government here added that the Government realizes the responsibilities involved in the undertaking and will not fail to discharge them. The Government is now engaged in a careful re-examination of the difficult controversial questions involved in the communal problem and has let it be known there will be no avoidable delay in reaching a solution.

### BOY SCOUT NEWS



#### 1st D'ville Troop

The 1st Drummondville Troop held their usual weekly meeting last Friday when twenty boys were present. The programme opened at 7:30 P. M. with the Flag break, silence and "O Canada" after which Mr. Leo Watkins, the president of the Group Committee, gave a short talk to the boys. The inspection and a game called "Mounted Football" was played and then the patrols went to their corners. "Blind Team Driving" and "Wooden Potato Race" were followed by a semaphore message. The meeting closed with a council fire, the Flag lower and the singing of "God Save The King". The Patrol competition was won by the Wolves.

During the present week the scouts are making door to door collections of pounds of groceries which will be assembled together at the end of the week and then made up into parcels and handed over to the relief committee for the poor people of this city.

Next meeting will be held on Friday next March 25th when the Beavers are duty patrol.

It is hoped to hold another hike next Sunday.

#### WHISTLING VS SMOKING

During the recent newspaper "whistling nuisance" debate Lord Baden-Powell confessed to being one. "Carrying out the Scout Law," he said, "when angry, or in difficulty I am whistling, and likewise when I am particularly enjoying life and feeling upish. Also for me whistling provides a substitute for smoking. — for, like a pipe, it gives satisfaction to me and annoyance to everybody else!"

### AN EMERGENCY GUARD OF HONOUR

An interesting incident of the role played by a Boy Scout Guard of Honour is told by President D. P. Cruikshanks of the Minto Skating Club of Ottawa. The occasion was the last visit of Viscount and Lady Willingdon to the annual skating carnival, the "Minto Follies," accompanied by distinguished members of the diplomatic corps and several provincial lieutenants-governor.

To facilitate the approach of the party to the vice-regal box a strip of carpet had been placed upon the ice. A few minutes before the arrival of the guests the director, on a final tour of inspection, stepped upon the carpet. It slipped under him.

Immediately came visions of a catastrophe. — His Excellency or Her Excellency, or the Japanese Consul General, or the U. S. Minister — possibly even the whole distinguished party in a heap on the ice! And even broken bones!

The director thought rapidly. Smartly uniformed Scouts were scattered about the auditorium on various duties. The department where automobiles were actually required for public work and where these could be used to advantage instead of purchasing other cars. No automobile has yet been sold."

### Former Cars Belonging to Ministers Not Sold

Ottawa. — None of the Government automobiles that had been at the disposal of the ministers of the Crown, but which were called in some time ago as an economic step, has been sold. In answer to a question placed on the order paper of the House of Commons by Maurice Brasset (Lib. Gaspé) enquiring whether any had been sold and if so at what price, the Department of Finance said: "These automobiles were turned over to the salvage officer, Government contracts supervision committee, for disposal, including assignment to departments where automobiles were actually required for public work and where these could be used to advantage instead of purchasing other cars. No automobile has yet been sold."

### Canada Prompt...

(Continued from page 1)

Canada's assessment in 1931 amounted to \$212,573, and she paid on the nail. China's was in the neighborhood of \$300,000; but the former celestial kingdom has been hard up for a long time. In fact, China owes the League \$1,900,000 in membership fees, being her consolidated arrears for the past nine years.

The year 1930 was a bad one for the League's collecting agency. No fewer than seven of the nine South American members passed up their dues, four of them — Bolivia, Paraguay, Argentina and Peru — in whole; and three — Uruguay, Chile and Colombia — in part.

The record of some of the other republics is bad, collections in Central and South America ranging from slow to extremely slow. Nicaragua has been "posted" regularly for non-payment of annual assessments for the last nine years. Honduras just as bad. Bolivia's financial standing in the League is nothing to brag about, while Peru retains its charge account by paying a little down and letting the rest go. The international cash register at Geneva has not rung up a complete receipt from that part of the world since 1920.

The seven nations of the British Empire who are members of the League regularly pay in their assessments, which amount to exactly twenty-six per cent, of the total. Fifty-five nations of the world are members of the League, and the other forty-eight contribute — or are supposed to contribute — the remaining seventy-four per cent.

Total dues required from members amount annually to \$6,949,493, of which the British members pay \$1,575,450. Canada's assessment ranks third, following "the British Empire" (which is the United Kingdom and the Crown colonies) and India. The table indicates the varying amounts:

The British Empire	\$645,008
India	341,162
Canada	212,573
Australia	163,398
South Africa	89,984
Irish Free State	62,090
New Zealand	61,234

Since 1919 Canada has spent \$2,429,244 on the activities of the League, monies expended on assessments, incidental expenses, and delegations. Of that amount the total assessment was \$1,988,366. Cost of delegations under the Department of External Affairs was \$168,023, with "incidental expenses" amounting to \$110,222. Delegations from the Labor Department cost \$162,631 with incidental expenses.

### Importance of...

(Continued from page 1)

body of civil servants who are called Inspectors of Labor. Inspection of Labor was established in the province of Quebec in 1888 and from that time has been developed from year to year. At the present time, the province has sixteen inspectors, under the supervision of a chief, and, for several months now, attached to the Ministry of Labor.

Now the first fact which we have noticed while hearing the witnesses and by consulting the documents is that the inspection of labor, as it exists in the province of Quebec, devotes its attention especially to the general hygienic conditions of workshops — the sanitation. This has been recognized by the Chief Inspector, Monsieur Robert, during the course of the inquiry; and this follows naturally from the nature of our legislation.

It suffices, in order to define carefully the field covered by this inspection, to mention several headings and sub-headings of the Factory Act. (Revised Statutes 1925, chap. 182.)

This act defines first of all the arrangements of a general nature which concern the sanitary conditions of workshops, the working hours, the conditions of labor of women and children, and the inspection of factories. Then it traces

the "duties of factory managers" and lays down a series of measures having to do with steam boilers. The regulations which have been drawn up according to the terms of the act reveal still better a very noticeable tendency toward sanitary conditions of labor, that is to say, toward the surroundings in which the factory work is carried on.

### Approximate Cost...

(Continued from page 1)

compensate the owners of stations to be taken over. That allowed nothing for good will. It represented cost of replacement less the depreciation and an allowance for obsolescence. Depreciation through obsolescence was estimated at 15 per cent per year.

J. L. Bain, of the radio branch of the Department of Marine, said while the obsolescence ratio had been very wide, it would lessen appreciably from now on. He did not think the rapid pace of improvements in radio operation would be kept up in future. As a matter of fact, he said, the depreciation through obsolescence in the past ten years had been nearer 25 per cent, than 15 per cent.

Col. Steel testified that the costs given in the Aird report were very liberal. He believed the costs of material had lessened considerably in the past three years and a 50-kilowatt station could be bought today for \$250,000.

Programme costs could be as high or low as the company decided upon, Dr. Frigon said. It was obvious that the leading popular stars of the day could command a price that Canada could not afford to pay.

"But by turning a dial on our radios we can listen to the highest paid entertainers in the world," observed Raymond Morand, chairman of the committee. Dr. Frigon replied that the proposed system had taken this into consideration. The best of the U.S. programmes would undoubtedly be broadcast on the Canadian system.

Mr. Bowman said the proposed board of directions would receive no salaries but would get their expenses on trips to headquarters. It was not to be made a "paying proposition" for them.

"Wouldn't they be likely to perform their duties in a more or less perfunctory manner?" suggested Mr. Ulsley.

"That might be a good thing," replied Mr. Bowman. He had been told by the head of one big broadcasting concern, modelled after the proposed Canadian system, that the best thing their directors did was to leave the management entirely alone.

### LICENCE FEE INCREASED

On the subject of revenue, Mr. Bowman said the commission had found very little opposition to an increased licence fee on receiving sets. Some witnesses had expressed a willingness to pay as high as \$5 per year if they could be assured better programmes.

The commission had recommended an annual fee of \$3.00 compared with a rate of one dollar in effect when the report was made. (The fee has now been increased to \$2 per year as from April 1). The fee in Great Britain was ten shillings and in Germany it was the equivalent of \$6. Mr. Bowman said.

He had looked for criticism of the British Broadcasting System while in England, said Mr. Bowman, and the outstanding objection was that the Sunday programmes were too religious. They wanted more life in their programmes.

Onesime Gagnon (Cons. Dorchester) said he had read recently that the British Broadcasting System was very unpopular. The best answer to that, replied Mr. Bowman, was the enormous growth in the number of subscriptions to the Radio Times.

"Isn't it true that the B.B.C. insists in its refusal to give the people what they want?" asked Mr. Ulsley.

"Sir John Reith, director-general of the B.B.C. a very strong-minded man, steadfastly refuses to believe in the theory that the people know what they want," replied Mr. Bowman. He did not want to intimate that he agreed with Sir John, the witness added.

One object that would be achieved under the proposed system would

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#### WANTED

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A 10c package of Rugby you enough tobacco for 25 fragrant cigarettes. Free papers with each package.

## ROLL YOUR OWN

# RUGBY TOBACCO

be balanced programmes, said Dr. Frigon. It would eliminate the repetition of popular and topical music. For instance, he said, on Mother's Day the commission had heard "Mother Machree" 15 times in 24 hours. During Christmas season the air was full of carols from morning to night, rendered in all forms from symphony to jazz.

Dr. Morand asked if the commission had taken into consideration the possibility of furnishing an adequate service with the facilities at present in existence.

It would be replaced, for instance, by the allocation of time for the presentation of one of the programmes which would be eliminated.

## SPRING FASHION PRESENTED BY LA MAISON MICHEL LIMITED

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It is with pleasure that we extend to our English-speaking clients this special invitation to come and visit the new modes for the ladies and girls as well as for gentlemen.

All our new garments for spring have been carefully selected out of the newest creations and we respectfully submit them to your critic.

As far as we know of the business, they are by far the most interesting ever shown in Drummondville.

REMEMBER that you may open an account at any time with us and we now invite you to do so.

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"... and how easy it all was!"



... with the new A B C Playmayd (Model B) ELECTRIC WASHING MACHINE

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Minutes instead of hours: a pleasant duty instead of a back-breaking task; that's what washing becomes with an A B C Playmayd (Model B), made especially for us to sell at a new and wonderful low price. It's the greatest electric washer value we have ever seen. And you'll agree, the minute you see it. Decide now to put an end to washday toil. Wash electrically.

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# EASTER IS NEAR!

Ladies and gentlemen desiring to purchase that new spring outfit at the lowest prices in town, considering the quality, should not buy before having seen what we have to offer.

IT'S SENSATIONAL! COME TO-DAY

## La Maison Cobrin

167 HERIOT ST. DRUMMONDVILLE, Que.



"Quick... the barn's on fire"

Dick Johnson's wife was making pies when she glanced out the window and saw smoke curling up from the barn. And Dick was over at the Blay's helping with a load of hogs!

She ran to the telephone. Dick rushed home with Fred Blay and in a few minutes they had stamped out the smouldering hay before the fire got really started.

"That was a close shave", Dick said. "We might have lost everything. It's lucky we've kept our telephone."

THE LAMENT — The Humorist, London.

### Claims Trading Steamer Still In Good Condition

Nome. — Ending a 3,000 mile trip along the Arctic coast from Heschel Island via dog team, Leslie Melvin arrived here Tuesday from Kotzebue with a story that the missing fur trading ship, Baychimo, believed ground to pieces after being carried away in the ice pack, was high and safe on the Arctic ice.

The youth said the vessel was lifted atop of the ice and predicted it would withstand the winds. He said there were no holes in the hull nor water in the hold.

He did not say where the ship is located.

### Major Power...

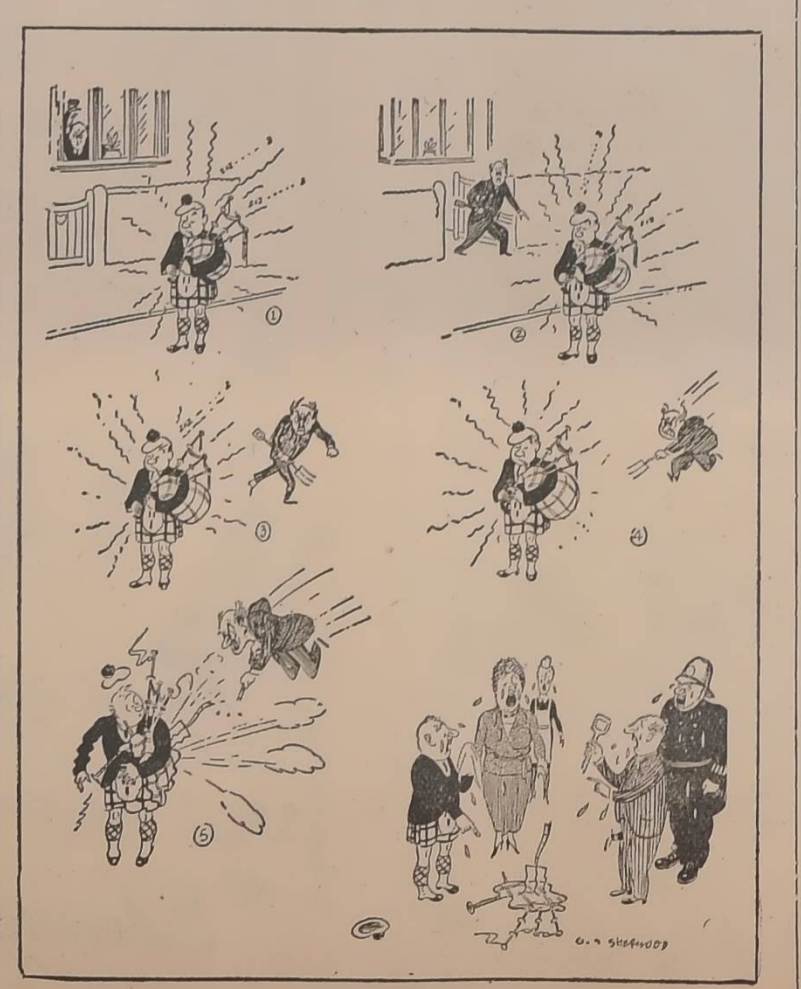
(Continued from page 1)

This is the seventh sitting day of the house to be occupied with discussion of the resolution, moved by the Prime Minister on March 8 and upon which a measure will be introduced to extend from March 1 to May 1 this year the wide powers conferred upon the Government by Parliament last session.

Up to adjournment Friday night a total of 61 speeches had been delivered, and of this total 15 were from the Government side of the House including the opening speech of the Prime Minister, and those of Hon. R. J. Manion, Minister of Railways and Canals, and Hon. H. H. Stevens Minister of Trade and Commerce. From the Progressive and Labor groups have come a total of six speeches. The remaining 40 speeches have been delivered by Liberals. By adjournment this grand total of House speeches reached at least 70.

Throughout the debate, Liberals have insisted that the procedure of the Government in this matter has been unconstitutional, also that the wide powers given the Government last session have been abused and that the ministry has no right to ask for a renewal or extension of these powers.

Premier R. B. Bennett, on the other hand, declared in his speech moving the resolution ten days ago that it would be absolutely impossible to meet the suggestion of the leader of the Opposition, Rt. Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, and introduce, instead, a supply bill asking for a specific sum of money because it was impossible to estimate with any degree of accuracy the amount that would be required.



THE LAMENT — The Humorist, London.